LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034

B.Sc., DEGREE EXAMINATION - STATISTICS

FOURTH SEMESTER - APRIL 2015

ST 4500 - BASIC SAMPLING THEORY

Date: 27/04/2015 Dept. No. Max.: 100 Marks
Time: 09:00-12:00

PART - A

Answer **ALL** questions:

(10x2=20 Marks)

- 1. What are non-sampling errors?
- 2. What is the difference between a Parameter and a statistic?
- 3. What is a random number table?
- 4. Define simple random sampling with an example.
- 5. Write any two principles of stratification.
- 6. Define proportional allocation in stratified sampling with an illustration.
- 7. Define: Systematic sampling.
- 8. List all possible circular systematic samples when N=11, n=4 and k=3 and give your comments.
- 9. Define: Ratio estimator.
- 10. What do you mean by "Population with linear trend"?

PART - B

Answer any **FIVE** questions:

(5x8=40 Marks)

- 11. Suggest an estimator for population mean in stratified sampling and check whether it is unbiased.
- 12. Discuss briefly the basic principles of a sample survey.
- 13. Give the formula for estimating standard error in the estimation of finite population total using SRSWR.
- 14. Prove that sample mean is unbiased estimator of population mean and also find the variance of the sample mean.
- 15. In usual notations, prove that the systematic sample mean is more precise than the mean of SRSWOR if $S_{wsv}^2 > S^2$.
- 16. What are the advantages of sampling over census method?
- 17. Write a note on sampling of attributes.
- 18. Explain the following: (i) Optimum Allocation and (ii) Neymann Allocation.

PART - C

Answer any **TWO** questions:

(2x20=40 Marks)

- 19. (a) Explain the sources of non-sampling errors.
 - (b) Write the limitations of sample survey.
- 20. (a) If the population consists of linear trend, then prove that $V(y_{st}) \le V(y_{svs}) \le V(y_{R})$.
 - (b) In SRSWOR find $V(y_n)$.
- 21. (a) Compare ratio and regression estimators.
 - (b) Write a note on combined and separate ratio estimators.
- 22. Write short notes on the following: (i) mean squared error (ii) Estimation of population mean (iii) Linear and circular systematic sampling and (iv) Questionnaire and schedules.

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